

Teacher Activity E: Handling units in calculations

Here is a simple calculation:

A cyclist is travelling at 4 m/s. How far do they travel in 5 seconds?

a) The following are two different ways of setting out the calculation. Which of these two methods do you prefer? Why?

<p>Method 1</p> <p>From the question:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">speed = 4 m/s</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">time = 5 s</p> <p>Using the formula:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">distance = speed \times time</p> <p style="padding-left: 80px;">= 4 m/s \times 5 s</p> <p style="padding-left: 80px;">= 20 m</p> <p>So, the distance traveled is 20 metres.</p>	<p>Method 2</p> <p>Let distance = s metres</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">speed = u metres per second</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">time = t seconds</p> <p>Using the formula:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">$s = ut$</p> <p style="padding-left: 80px;">= 4 \times 5</p> <p style="padding-left: 80px;">= 20</p> <p>So, the distance traveled is 20 metres.</p>
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b) Is this the way you would do it, or would you set out the calculation differently?

c) How would you handle the units in the following simple calculations?

- What is the mass of 10 cm³ of iron (density = 8 g/cm³)?
- In an electrical circuit, what is the work done when a 2 W lamp is on for 5 seconds? (work done = power \times time)
- What is the volume of 40 g of iron (density = 8 g/cm³)?

Further information: *The Language of Mathematics in Science: A Guide to Teachers of 11-16 Science*, Section 2.1 Calculations and units (pp 14-15)

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